

THE WEATHER

Fair Tonight and Sunday.

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS

Silver	90 5/8c
Copper	24 1/2c
Lead	81c
Quicksilver	\$1.05

VOL. XVII No. 86

TONOPAH, NEVADA, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 6, 1917

PRICE 10 CENTS

WHITE SOX DEFEAT GIANTS

CHICAGO WALKS AWAY WITH VISITORS ON HOME GROUND

BERNSTORFF'S CONFIDENTIAL CABLES MADE PUBLIC AT LAST

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—More of Count Bernstorff's confidential cable exchanges with the Berlin foreign office were made public by the state department last night, furnishing documentary proof of the extraordinary activities of Bolo Pasha, now a prisoner in France, and throwing further light upon the machinations of the German diplomatic service.

The messages, signed by Von Bernstorff and by Von Jagow, then foreign minister, show that \$1,700,000 which the ambassador obtained authority to place to the credit of Hugo Schmidt, then a representative of the Deutschebank at New York, was sought as a loan to a "leading political personality in France and was counted upon to bring peace. They were exchanged in February, 1916, when the French Socialists were threatening to overthrow the government and there was talk of

France being tired of war and dissatisfied with the part played by her allies.

The wily Bernstorff cautioned against expressions in the German press concerning internal French changes, suggesting that German approval might upset all his plans. He also was careful not to put down the name of the political personality saying a verbal report would be made as soon as a trustworthy messenger could be sent.

Hugo Schmidt testified in New York before State Attorney General Lewis, telling how the money was placed to his credit, with instructions from Von Bernstorff that it was to be disposed of as Adolf Pavenstedt might direct. Pavenstedt already had told the attorney general that Van Bernstorff obtained the fund to finance a scheme of Bolo Pasha for peace between Germany and France.

The state department contributed

its latest disclosure, like those that have preceded it, without explanations to how the documents came into its possession. The statement follows:

"The department of state communicates to the press the following telegrams bearing upon the case of Bolo Pasha, exchanged between Count Von Bernstorff and Herr Von Jagow, German minister of foreign affairs:

"Number 679, February 26. I have received information from an entirely trustworthy source concerning a political action in one of the enemy countries which would bring about peace. One of the leading political personalities of the country in question is seeking a loan of \$1,700,000 in New York, for which security will be given. I was forbidden to give his name in writing.

(Continued on page four)

American Patrol Ship Goes Down

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—An American patrol ship foundered in European waters while on duty October 4. The navy department has no information as to the cause. The secretary ordered an investigation. No loss of life.
Admiral Sims reported the foundering, but did not state what class of vessel. Most of the American patrols are destroyers.
The lost ship was an auxiliary, not one of the regular navy list, and was on minesweeping work when lost. The report that she foundered is taken to mean that she was lost in a run of weather.

WAR PARTY IN SENATE ARRAIGNED

LAFOLLETTE DEFENDS HIMSELF AGAINST ACCUSERS IN CONGRESS.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Senator LaFollette replied to his critics in a long speech. He asserted the "war party," besides carrying on a campaign of libel and character assassination against members of congress, was attempting to suppress discussion of war issues and intimidate the people themselves by invading their homes and unlawfully throwing them into jail. He quoted war speeches of Lincoln, Webster and Sumner, assailing the government's policy. He made no reference to his speech at St. Paul and dealt with criticism of himself only generally.

LaFollette said: "Six senators and about fifty members of the house voted against a declaration of war. Immediately there was let loose upon these senators and representatives a flood of invective abuse from newspapers and individuals who had been clamoring for war, unqualified in the history of civilized society. The triumphant war party has pursued those congressmen with malicious falsehoods and reckless libelous attacks, going to the extreme limit of charging them with treason against their country."

He charged the war party was trying to intimidate "sovereign people," telling them they must be silent while the government does things vitally concerning their well-being and the happiness of their lives.

Senator Kellogg accused LaFollette of misstating the facts in his St. Paul speech and denied that the United States went to war to secure Americans the right to travel on munition-laden ships or protect loans made by Morgan & Co. to foreign governments.

"I am as jealous of free speech as any member of this body," he said, "but this is a question of an erroneous statement of facts. I have no wish to criticize any man who voted against this nation going to war, although I may disagree with him. But we are at war and I believe the men of this body should not make statements tending to aid and encourage the enemy and cast dishonor and discredit upon the nation."

LaFollette said no conviction was stronger with the people today than that there should be no future war except in case of actual invasion unless supported by a referendum, and it becomes increasingly imperative that congress should assert its power to define and declare the objects of this war, which would afford a basis for a conference and the establishment of peace."

The Bonanza publishes full telegraph reports. Subscribe for it.

SPECTATORS CAMP ALL NIGHT AT THE GATEWAY OF PARK IN ORDER TO INSURE SEATS

New York Chicago

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
New York	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	7	1
Chicago	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	1

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—The skies have cleared, after a cold, rainy night. Fair weather and a temperature of 55 degrees is predicted.

All night three hundred persons, including some women, stood in line at the windows for tickets. The first in the bleacher line was Red Craig of Los Angeles. Fifteen hundred were in line by 7 o'clock.

Those who could not secure seats in the ordinary way paid the speculators their own prices. If money was no object. If they could not meet the latter's demands they might be certain of gaining a choice seat in the unreserved sections of the stands.

At the hour when the staid citizen was homing his way to dinner last evening the lines were already forming

BATTERIES—

New York, Salee and McCarthy. Chicago, Cicotte and Shaik.

FEATURES—

J. Collins scores for Chicago in third inning.

Felsch scores home run for Chicago in fourth inning.

McCarthy scored for New York in the fifth inning.

ing outside the portals of White Sox Field.

Equipped with chairs, blankets, lunches and other comforts for inner and outer man, the fans began to gather. Boys and young men predominated, but here and there along the ever-growing queues there could be seen a woman or an elderly man who bore the discomforts of the long

wait with the same apparent nonchalance of their more youthful companions. Vendors, quick to take advantage of the situation, appeared with lunch stands and sandwiches, coffee, cushions and tobacco, and these articles were soon on sale. Business was brisk throughout the hours as midnight approached.

Although confidence was rampant among the camp followers of the two teams, there was little evidence of heavy wagering. Most of the betting was confined to sums ranging from \$5 to \$25 and these amounts were placed at or close to even money. It is probable that in the aggregate the total reached into thousands of dollars, but there were no records of either large individual or pool wagers.

SEVEN BILLION BILL IS SIGNED BY THE PRESIDENT

GREATEST APPROPRIATION BILL IN HISTORY OF NATION BECOMES LAW.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The largest appropriation measure in the history of the United States became law today when the president signed the urgent deficiency bill carrying \$7,758,124,000, principally for war purposes.

Since congress convened in its extraordinary war session last April, it has placed at the disposal of the administration seventeen billion dollars and has authorized contracts for almost two and a half billions more. Most of the money was for war purposes, including seven billions for loans to the allies.

The appropriation committees, through their chairmen, Senator Martin and Representative Fitzgerald, made the figures public today, coupling with them the declaration that congress had done its work in furnishing the money for the war very effectively.

WHITE CAPS CASE CALLED IN COURT

All parties interested in the suit of the White Caps Mining Company of Manhattan against the Morning Glory for an alleged trespass returned last evening from examining the properties and were promptly on hand this morning in the district court when the case was called. Defendants put in their answer and cross complaint, denying every allegation of plaintiff company and admitting they were working on a vein which apexed in the ground of the Morning Glory and was started and continued until restrained in ore through the vertical side lines of the White Caps claim No. 1. In support of this statement the answer cited all the evidence obtainable, including the affidavit of John K. Kirchen, which is said to have asserted that the next round or two would break through the top of the White Caps slope. The Morning Glory cross complaint prays for damages in the sum of \$500,000 as com-

TODAY AND A YEAR AGO

	1917	1916
5 a. m.	56	40
9 a. m.	61	50
12 noon	71	41
2 p. m.	75	36
Maximum Oct. 5	81	47
Minimum Oct. 5	61	29
Relative humidity at 2 p. m.		
today, 15 per cent.		

BRITISH HOLDING IMPORTANT GAINS

(By Associated Press.)
BRITISH WAR FRONT, Oct. 6.—At some places in the new line established by the British offensive in Flanders the Germans were in such exposed positions that they pulled back their defenses a short distance. The British patrols found the forward shell hole defenses abandoned in one section.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—The Germans attacked on the Verdun front near hill 344 and gained a footing in the French positions at some points, but later were driven back.

WILL RUSH WORK AT THE KANROHAT

Manager S. H. Brady of the Silvermines Corporation, which has taken over the Kanrohat property in Jefferson Canyon, is not going to lose any time in getting down to heavy development. He has already begun work on the mill changing the system from stamps and the next step will be to push the long tunnel as fast as men and machinery can do it. With this object in view an immense portable compressor will be used. This is capable of supplying eight drills and is mounted on axles and wheels for keeping up with the advance of the miners. The compressor will be taken out tomorrow on one of the Wittenberg trucks.

pensation for ore extracted from the vein on which the Morning Glory claims an apex. The defendant also filed a plot and also a copy of the patent to the Morning Glory.

Defendant also filed affidavits of W. H. Wiley, mining expert; E. R. Caldwell, mining engineer; A. J. Canavan and W. J. Hart.

QUICK RESPONSE TO LARGE ORDER

SPECIAL RAILROAD EQUIPMENT DELIVERED WITHIN TWENTY DAYS.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—American manufacturing enterprise again has demonstrated its ability to meet the extraordinary demands of war. It was disclosed today that within twenty days after the war department delivered designs for special locomotives and cars for the troops in France the first of 680 engines and the first of 6,000 cars were ready for shipment.

French railroads will not stand the weight and length of standard American rolling stock. The special engines weigh 166,550 pounds and the new cars are only 36 feet in length, to negotiate the short curves of French roads. They are equipped with French couplings and the French cars can be used in trains with the American equipment. The engines are eight-wheel drive type, giving them great traction for the heavy loads they will have to haul to the American front.

The railway equipment sent from the United States will be painted battleship gray to make it inconspicuous as possible. The first engine, bearing the mark "U. S. A. No. 1," soon will be in operation on the French lines.

It is understood that five en-

(Continued On Page Four.)

BUTLER THEATRE

TO-NIGHT LOUISE GLAUM

As the Fascinating Nan, Empress of the Underworld, who is willing to sacrifice her life for the man she loves. The question that sears his heart is

"LOVE OR JUSTICE" "HIS MARRIAGE FAILURE" Triangle Comedy

TOMORROW
Kathryn Williams, in "The Cost of Hatred" and
"Cactus Nell" Two-Reel Keystone Comedy.

Matinee 1:30, Night 7 and 8:30
Admission 10-15c

SUB SUNK BY YANKEE DESTROYER

LESS THAN HALF AN HOUR TO SETTLE FATE OF ENEMY.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Details of a fight between an American destroyer in European waters and a German submarine, in which the submarine was destroyed by depth bombs, are announced by the navy department. The engagement lasted 22 minutes. The name of the destroyer, date and location are withheld. The destroyer sighted a periscope when many merchantmen were in sight. The destroyer opened fire and as she circled round dropped four depth bombs. After the fourth, a widespread boiling appeared on the ocean surface, with large bubbles, and finally a heavy film of oil. No traces of the submarine were found.

This fight was the occasion for a letter of appreciation from the British admiralty, which expressed admiration for the efficient, warlike conduct of the officers and crew of the American destroyer.

HEFLIN SUBJECT TO CRITICISM

SPECIAL COMMITTEE SAYS ONLY COURSE IS AN ACTION IN EXPULSION.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Representative Heflin's declaration that certain members "acted suspiciously" is held by a special committee appointed to investigate the charge to be "subject to criticism."

The report, made to the house by Representative Barnard of Indiana, states specifically, however, that the committee had no recommendation to make in the premises regarding Heflin. "The direct and preliminary course for Heflin to take," the report added, "would be to bring proceedings for expulsion against the members whose loyalty he challenged."

THREE WHITE MEN KILLED OVER NEGRO

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 6.—In a battle over a negro, three white men are dead and three are wounded at Lajana.

TONOPAH EXTENSION SENDS OUT BULLION

The mill clean-up of the Tonopah Extension for the second half of September produced 25 bars weighing 51,165 ounces, valued at \$53,500, which is an improvement over the report for the first half of the month, when the output was 20 bars weighing 41,850 ounces and valued at \$46,000.

MAY CALL STRIKE TO HELP CAR MEN

SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL CONSIDERING A GENERAL WALKOUT.

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 6.—The labor council instructed the executive committee to take a canvass of 150 subsidiary unions on the proposition of calling a general strike in sympathy with the street car strike.

(By Associated Press.)
SACRAMENTO, Cal., Oct. 6.—The California State Federation of Labor convention voted today to assuage every union man outside of San Francisco one hour's pay for the striking street carmen.

The federation adopted a resolution denouncing the I. W. W. and urging expulsion of any I. W. W. who is a member of the union of the American Federation of Labor. It also adopted a resolution favoring a second strike of iron trades employes in San Francisco, declaring it is probable, and saying the first settlement was made merely for patriotic reasons.

PERU WILL BREAK WITH GERMANY

NO SATISFACTION GIVEN FOR THE SINKING OF BARK BY SUBMARINE.

(By Associated Press.)
LIMA, Oct. 6.—The Peruvian government probably soon will break off relations with Germany, as congress has decided to almost unanimously.

On September 28 the Peruvian government instructed the minister at Berlin to present a demand to the German government that satisfaction be given within eight days for the sinking of the Peruvian bark, Lorton, by a submarine, and threatened to break relations unless the demand were met.

WAR BODY CLOSES ITS SESSIONS

PRESIDENT WILSON EXPRESSES HIGH APPRECIATION OF CONGRESS.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—President Wilson went to the capitol to sign bills and be present at the adjournment at 3 o'clock. His statement said:

"The sixty-fifth congress deserves the gratitude and appreciation of the people whose will and purpose I believe has been faithfully expressed. One cannot examine the record of its action without being impressed by its completeness, courage and full comprehension of its great work. The work was done thoroughly and with the greatest dispatch possible in conditions of social matters. But the best of all it has left no doubt as to the spirit and determination of the country."

The president praised the work of congress, saying it met the needs in a way to assure the effectiveness of American arms.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Replying to Senator LaFollette, Senator Robinson of Arkansas said: "It is unfortunate for the country and for the senator from Wisconsin that he has lent himself to the promotion of ideas and desires of the kaiser."

SWIMMING POOL WILL BE CLOSED

The swimming pool will not be opened tomorrow, reports to the contrary notwithstanding, as the basin is filled with all kinds of debris, which could not be removed without entailing expense not commensurate with the service. The committee feels that it is better to complete the job by steady work instead of inviting delays and preventing the contractor from making the place as attractive as possible with all the conveniences of a first class public resort. Mrs. George J. Murphy reports receipt of the following subscriptions since last report: George D. Jenkins, chauffeur of the Extension force, and A. F. Gegan, agent of the Hercules Powder Company, \$5 each; Mrs. R. H. Burdick, \$2.50.

Advertise in the Daily Bonanza.